

I. Draw the angle θ in standard position. Find and label its reference angle $\hat{\theta}$.

- a) 215° b) 109° c) 307° d) -130°

Answers

a) $\hat{\theta} = 35^\circ$	b) $\hat{\theta} = 71^\circ$	c) $\hat{\theta} = 53^\circ$	d) $\hat{\theta} = 50^\circ$
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II. Find the exact value without using a calculator.

- a) $\sin 210^\circ$ b) $\sec 135^\circ$ c) $\csc 300^\circ$ d) $\tan(-150^\circ)$

Answers

a) $-\frac{1}{2}$	b) $-\sqrt{2}$	c) $-\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$	d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
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III. Find all values of θ in the interval $0^\circ \leq \theta < 360^\circ$ that satisfy the given equation.

- a) $\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ b) $\cos \theta = 0$ c) $\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ d) $\csc \theta = 2$

Answers

a) $\theta = 225^\circ, 315^\circ$	b) $\theta = 90^\circ, 270^\circ$	c) $\theta = 30^\circ, 210^\circ$	d) $\theta = 30^\circ, 150^\circ$
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IV. Approximate the value using a calculator.

- a) $\sin 37^\circ$ b) $\sec 156^\circ$ c) $\csc 298^\circ$ d) $\tan(-107^\circ)$

Answers

a) 0.602	b) -1.095	c) -1.133	d) 3.271
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V. Find all values of θ in the interval $0^\circ \leq \theta < 360^\circ$ that satisfy the given equation. Round to the nearest tenth of a degree.

- a) $\sin \theta = 0.75$ b) $\cos \theta = -0.33$ c) $\tan \theta = 6$ d) $\csc \theta = -4$

Answers

a) $48.6^\circ, 131.4^\circ$	b) $109.3^\circ, 250.7^\circ$	c) $80.5^\circ, 260.5^\circ$	d) $194.5^\circ, 345.5^\circ$
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VI. Convert θ to radians.

- a) 240° b) 105° c) 216° d) $(2\pi)^\circ$

Answers

a) $\frac{4\pi}{3}$	b) $\frac{7\pi}{12}$	c) $\frac{6\pi}{5}$	d) $\frac{\pi^2}{90}$
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VII. Convert θ to degrees.

- a) $\frac{11\pi}{6}$ b) $\frac{3\pi}{8}$ c) $-\frac{7\pi}{10}$ d) 4

Answers

a) 330°	b) 67.5°	c) -126°	d) $\frac{720^\circ}{\pi}$
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VIII. Find the exact value without using a calculator.

- a) $\sin \frac{\pi}{3}$ b) $\sec \pi$ c) $\csc \frac{11\pi}{6}$ d) $\tan \frac{5\pi}{4}$

Answers

a) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	b) -1	c) -2	d) 1
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IX. Find all values of θ (in radians) in the interval $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$ that satisfy the given equation.

a) $\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ b) $\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{2}$ c) $\tan \theta = -1$ d) $\csc \theta = -\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$

Answers

a) $\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}$	b) $\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}$	c) $\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$	d) $\frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$
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X. t is the distance from $(1,0)$ to the given point (x,y) along the unit circle. Find $\sin t$, $\cos t$, and $\tan t$. (If necessary, round to the nearest hundredth.)

a) $(0.31, -0.95)$ b) $(-1,0)$ c) $(-0.6, -0.8)$ d) $(0.96, -0.28)$

Answers

a)	b)	c)	d)
$\sin t = -0.95$	$\sin t = 0$	$\sin t = -0.8$	$\sin t = -0.28$
$\cos t = 0.31$	$\cos t = -1$	$\cos t = -0.6$	$\cos t = 0.96$
$\tan t = -3.06$	$\tan t = 0$	$\tan t = 1.33$	$\tan t = -0.29$

XI. Simplify, using exact values.

a) $5 \cos\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + 4$ for $x = \frac{2\pi}{3}$ & $x = \pi$ b) $\frac{3}{4} \cos\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - 1$ for $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ & $x = \frac{3\pi}{4}$

Answers

a) $-1, 6\frac{1}{2}$	b) $-1, -\frac{7}{4}$
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XII. Find the arc length, s , for the given central angle θ and radius r .

a) $\theta = \frac{7\pi}{6}$, $r = 8$ cm

b) $\theta = 120^\circ$, $r = 11$ in

Answers

a) $\frac{28\pi}{3} \approx 29.3$ cm	b) $\frac{22\pi}{3} \approx 23.0$ in
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XIII. Find the radius, r , for the given central angle θ and arc length s .

a) $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$, $s = 20$ ft

b) $\theta = 195^\circ$, $s = 7$ m

Answers

a) $\frac{80}{3\pi} \approx 8.5$ ft	b) $\frac{84}{13\pi} \approx 2.06$ m
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XIV. Find the area A of the sector formed by the central angle θ in a circle of radius r .

a) $\theta = \frac{\pi}{5}$, $r = 18$ in b) $\theta = \frac{4\pi}{3}$, $r = 4$ m c) $\theta = 210^\circ$, $r = 40$ cm d) $\theta = 75^\circ$, $r = 2$ mi

Answers

a) 101.8 in ²	b) 33.5 m ²	c) 2932.2 cm ²	d) 2.6 mi ²
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XV. Point P moves with angular velocity ω on a circle of radius r . Find the distance traveled by the point in time t .

a) $\omega = 7$ rad/sec, $r = 9$ in, $t = 12$ sec

b) $\omega = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ rad/sec, $r = 12$ cm, $t = 20$ sec

c) $\omega = 10$ rad/sec, $r = 4$ ft, $t = 3$ min

d) $\omega = 800$ rpm, $r = 30$ in, $t = 15$ sec

Answers

a) 756 in	b) 565.5 cm	c) 7200 ft	d) 37,699.1 in
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XVI. Point P is moving with uniform circular motion on a circle of radius r .

- a) Find ω if $r = 8$ cm & $v = 12$ cm/sec. b) Find ω if $r = 13$ in & $v = 80$ in/min.
c) Find v if $r = 7.2$ m & $\omega = 20$ rad/sec. d) Find v if $r = 40$ in & $\omega = 5\pi$ rad/sec.

Answers

a) 1.5 rad/sec	b) 6.15 rad/min	c) 144 m/sec	d) $200\pi \approx 628.3$ in/sec
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XVII. Arc Length Applications

a) A Ferris wheel has a diameter of 180 feet. If θ represents the central angle formed as the rider travels from her initial position P_0 to position P_1 , find the distance traveled by the rider if $\theta = 240^\circ$. $\boxed{377.0\text{ft}}$

b) The minute hand on a clock is 3 feet long. Find the distance traveled by a point on the tip of the minute hand as the time changes from 3:00 pm to 4:20pm. $\boxed{25.1\text{ft}}$

c) If the distance to the sun is approximately 93 million miles, and, from the earth, the sun subtends an angle of 0.5° , estimate the distance to the sun. (Round to the nearest 1000 miles.)
 $\boxed{812,000\text{mi}}$

d) A person standing on the earth sees an airplane overhead that subtends an angle of 0.8° . If the plane is known to be 250 feet long, find the altitude of the plane to the nearest thousand feet.
 $\boxed{17,000\text{ft}}$

XVIII. Sector Area Applications

a) A lawn sprinkler is set to rotate through 150° and project water 24 feet. Find the area of the lawn that is watered by the sprinkler. $\boxed{754.0\text{ft}^2}$

b) An antique car has a windshield wiper 11 inches long that rotates through 95° . If the rubber part of the blade is 7 inches long, find the area of the windshield that is cleaned by the wiper.
 $\boxed{87.05\text{in}^2}$

c) A bicycle wheel has a diameter of 70 cm, and has 15 spokes evenly distributed around the wheel. Find the area of the sector between two adjacent spokes? $\boxed{256.6\text{cm}^2}$

d) A solar-power plant requires 950,000 square meters of land area to collect the required amount of energy from sunlight. If the land area is a 35° sector of a circle, what is its radius?
 1763.6 m

XIX. Velocity Applications

a) A bicycle wheel with a radius of 0.7 m is turning at 5 revolutions per second. Find the distance traveled in 20 minutes. $\boxed{26,389.4 \text{ m}}$

b) A lawn mower blade is 15 inches long and spinning at 750 revolutions per minute. How fast is a point on the tip of the blade moving in miles per hour? $\boxed{66.9 \text{ mph}}$

c) A disk with radius r is spinning at 1000 rpm. If a point on the edge of the disk is moving with velocity v , find the velocity of a point halfway between the center of the disk and the edge of the disk. Express your answer in terms of v . $\boxed{v/2}$

d) A Ferris wheel has a radius of 100 feet. If the wheel makes a complete revolution every 2 minutes, find the speed of a passenger in miles per hour. $\boxed{3.6 \text{ mph}}$

e) A bullwheel is designed to pull a wire rope at a speed of 8 ft/sec. If the angular velocity of the wheel is 7 revolutions per minute, find the diameter of the wheel. $\boxed{21.8 \text{ ft}}$

XX. Other Problems

a) A pulley with a radius of 9 inches is used to pull a water bucket from a well, old-school style. If the pulley is rotated through an angle of 70° , how many inches will the bucket be raised? $\boxed{11.0 \text{ in}}$

b) A pulley with a radius of 9 inches is used to pull a water bucket from a well, old-school style. What angle must the pulley be rotated to raise the bucket by 4 feet? $\boxed{305.6^\circ}$

c) The tires of a bicycle have radius 13 inches and are turning at 280 revolutions per minute. How fast is the bicycle traveling in miles per hour? $\boxed{21.7 \text{ mph}}$

d) Assume Earth rotates around the sun in a circular orbit with a radius of 93 million miles.

- Assuming that a year is 365 days, find the angle formed by Earth's movement in one day.

$$\boxed{\frac{2\pi}{365}}$$

- Give the angular speed of Earth in radians per hour.

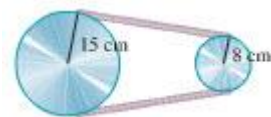
$$\boxed{\frac{\pi}{4380}}$$

- Find the linear speed of Earth in miles per hour.

$$\boxed{66,705 \text{ mph}}$$

e)

Two pulleys are connected by a belt. The larger pulley has a radius of 15 cm, while the radius of the other pulley is 8 cm. The larger pulley rotates 25 times in 36 seconds. Find the angular speed of each pulley in radians per second. $\boxed{\text{Larger: } 4.36 \text{ rad/sec, Smaller: } 8.18 \text{ rad/sec}}$



f) The shoulder joint can rotate at 25 radians per second. If a golfer's arm is straight and the distance from the shoulder to the club head is 5 feet, find the linear speed of the club head from shoulder rotation in miles per hour. $\boxed{85.2 \text{ mph}}$

g) A central angle of a circle with radius 150 cm intercepts an arc of 200 cm. Find the radian measure of the angle, and the area of the sector. $\boxed{\theta = \frac{4}{3}, A = 15000 \text{ cm}^2}$

h) The arrow on a car's gas gauge is 0.5 inches long. Through what angle does the arrow rotate when it moves 1 inch on the gauge? $\boxed{114.6^\circ}$

i) Point P is on a circle with radius 60 cm, and the ray OP is rotating with an angular speed of $\frac{\pi}{12}$ radians per second. Find the angle generated by P in 8 seconds, the distance traveled by P in 8 seconds, and the linear speed of P . $\boxed{\frac{2\pi}{3}, s = 125.66 \text{ cm}, 15.7 \text{ cm} / \text{sec}}$

j) A Ferris wheel has a diameter of 100 feet. A rider takes a seat and then the wheel turns $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ radians.

How far above the ground is the rider? $\boxed{75 \text{ ft}}$

If it takes 30 seconds to reach that point, what is the angular velocity of the wheel? $\boxed{3.5 \text{ ft/sec}}$